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In response to the coronavirus pandemic, emergency funding and stimulus packages have been passed into law by Congress. The following is a breakdown of the total **\$8.5 billion** that has been authorized and is available for Georgia's state and local governments as well as hospitals, healthcare providers, non-profit organizations, and private companies in Georgia.

Georgia's Federal Relief Funds for the Coronavirus Pandemic			
Federal Department	Federal Program	Amount to Georgia	Purpose
Treasury	Coronavirus Relief Fund	\$4,117,018,751	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that must be used for expenditures incurred between March 1, 2020 and December 30, 2020 due to the COVID-19 public health emergency that were not accounted for in the budget as of March 27, 2020. Local governments with a population of 500,000 or more are eligible for a portion of the state's funding. Of Georgia's \$4.12 billion, \$3.5 billion goes to the state and \$614 million is spread between Cobb, DeKalb, Fulton, and Gwinnett counties and the City of Atlanta.
EDUCATION			
Department of Education	Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	\$105,720,728	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that are allocated to the state through a statutory formula that is based on the state's student-aged population and poverty levels. The flexible emergency block grant funds can be used by the governor to best meet the current needs of students, schools (including charter schools and non-public schools), postsecondary institutions, and other education-related organizations in Georgia in order to continue providing educational services while schools and campuses are closed as well as supporting the on-going functionality of those schools and campuses.
	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	\$457,169,852	Funds authorized by the CARES Act awarded to the Georgia Department of Education for the purpose of providing local educational agencies (LEAs), including charter schools that are LEAs, with emergency relief funds to address the COVID-19 impact on elementary and secondary schools. The U.S. Department of Education encourages states to use these funds for remote learning to make strategic investments that promote student achievement through long-term improvements in infrastructure and operations so that students may receive educational services whether or not school campuses are open or closed.

	Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund - General	\$406,119,208	Funds authorized by the CARES Act for colleges and universities based on student enrollment. Funds must be used to cover expenses related to the disruption of campus operations due to coronavirus (including eligible expenses under a student's cost of attendance, such as food, housing, course materials, technology, health care, and child care), and at least 50% of the funds allocated to each institution must be reserved to provide students with emergency financial aid grants to help cover expenses related to the disruption of campus operations due to coronavirus. Each institution may develop its own system and process for determining how to allocate these funds, which may include distributing funds to all students or only to students who demonstrate significant need.
	Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund - HBCUs/MSIs	\$57,514,687	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that provide grants to Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) and other Minority Serving Institutions (MSIs). These funds may be used for grants to students for any component of the student's cost of attendance, including tuition, course materials, and technology; however, students must be eligible to receive federal financial student aid in order to receive these grants. Institutions are not required to use a certain percentage on grants to students, but are still strongly encouraged to do so. Funds may also be used to defray institutional expenses, including lost revenue, reimbursement for expenses already incurred, technology costs associated with distance learning, faculty and staff training, and payroll.
	Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund- Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education (FIPSE)	\$2,993,932	Authorized by the CARES Act, these funds are provide to institutions that have received less than \$500,000 in the prior Higher Education Relief Fund grants combined. The funding provided brings each institution up to this \$500,000 amount. Institutions are not required to use a certain percentage on grants to students, but are still strongly encouraged to do so. There are 12 eligible institutions in Georgia that can receive this funding.
Institute of Museum and Library Services	Institute of Museum and Library Services Grants	\$959,374	Funds appropriated in the CARES Act to the Georgia Public Library Service to support the urgent needs of museums, libraries, their staff, and the communities they serve. Funds can be used to expand digital network access, purchase internet accessible devices, and provide technical support services to citizens to address digital inclusion efforts and related technical support.
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES			
Administration for Children and Families	Child Care and Development Block Grant	\$144,539,371	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that provides the Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning (DECAL) with additional funds to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19 as well as expanded flexibility to provide child care assistance to families and children. Funds may be used for continuing payments and assistance to child care providers to ensure providers can remain open or reopen, cleaning and sanitation, and providing child care assistance to health care sector employees and other workers deemed essential.
	Community Services Block Grant (CSBG)	\$26,896,180	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that are allocated to Georgia DFCS using the same formula used for grants allocations under the regular annual CSBG appropriations and are intended to address the consequences of increasing unemployment and economic disruption as a result of COVID19.

	Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	\$44,684,626	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that are allocated to Georgia DFCS to prevent, prepare for, or respond to home energy needs surrounding COVID-19. LIHEAP helps low-income households with their home energy bills in order to reduce the risk of health and safety problems such as illness, fire, or disconnection.
	Family Violence Prevention	\$1,185,302	Supplemental funding authorized by the CARES Act to provide additional shelter, supportive services, and prevention services to adult and youth victims of family, domestic, or dating violence.
	Child Welfare Services	\$1,729,109	Funds authorized by the CARES Act that are allocated to Georgia DFCS for additional child welfare services under title IV-B, which includes the prevention of maltreatment, family preservation, family reunification, services for foster and adopted children, and training for child welfare professionals.
	Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY)	\$616,629	Supplemental funds allocated to service providers in Georgia to provide critical supportive services and shelter for runaway and homeless youth. Funds are provided for the Basic Center Grants program, Transitional Living for Homeless Youth program, and the Education and Prevention Grants to Reduce Sexual Abuse of Runaway, Homeless, and Street Youth. Six service providers in Georgia have currently received awards.
	Head Start	\$20,831,200	Supplemental grants to the Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning to operate supplemental summer programs for a portion of their Head Start children who would otherwise not be served over the summer. Grantees must be able to demonstrate the capacity to deliver high-quality summer learning experiences to promote school readiness and successful transitions to kindergarten.
Administration for Community Living	Supportive Services	\$5,439,519	Additional formula grants authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to Georgia's Division of Aging Services that are intended to assist states in developing and implementing comprehensive and coordinated community-based systems of service for older individuals, such as transportation services, in-home services, and other support services, in order to enable elders to remain in their homes and communities.
	Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals	\$19,582,269	Additional grant funds authorized by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act and the CARES Act and allocated to Georgia's Division of Aging Services to support nutrition services including nutritious congregate and home-delivered meals, nutrition education, and other appropriate nutrition services for older adults in order to maintain health, independence, and quality of life.
	Family Caregivers	\$2,597,565	Additional formula grants authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to Georgia's Division of Aging Services intended to provide support services for family caregivers and older relative caregivers, such as counseling, caregiver training, respite care, and information and assistance to help caregivers access available services.
	Protection of Vulnerable Older Americans	\$543,952	Additional formula grants authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to Georgia's Division of Aging Services for the Ombudsman Program, which investigates and resolves complaints made by or on behalf of residents of nursing homes or other long-term care facilities as well as promotes policies and practices needed to improve the quality of care and life in long-term care facilities.

	Aging and Disability Resource Centers	\$1,700,000	Funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to the Georgia Department of Human Resources for Georgia's No Wrong Door COVID-19 Rapid Response in order to support the development and testing of innovative programs, services, and systems of support that respond to the needs of the state's growing elderly population and those individuals in need of long-term services and supports.
	Centers for Independent Living	\$2,260,313	Project grant funds authorized by the CARES Act to support the statewide network of centers for independent living. Currently, nine non-profit organizations in Georgia have received grant funds.
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)	CDC Grants	\$40,755,550	Funds authorized by the Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act and the CARES Act to provide additional resources to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. These funds can be used for surveillance, epidemiology, laboratory capacity, infection control, mitigation, communications, and other preparedness and response activities as well as expanding capacity for testing, contact tracing, and containment.
	CDC Testing Funds	\$261,687,559	Funds authorized by the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act for epidemiology and laboratory capacity for COVID-19 testing.
Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)	Poison Control Centers	\$148,670	Funds provided by the CARES Act for the Georgia Poison Center to increase outreach and education to reduce the risk of COVID-19 related poisonings and to enhance readiness and training to respond to and manage the increased calls due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
	Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program	\$3,976,894	Funds authorized by the CARES Act to support local health departments, health clinics, community-based organizations, the Department of Public Health, and AIDS education and training centers in their efforts to prevent and minimize the impact of this pandemic on people with HIV, including expenses related to extended operating hours, increased staffing hours, additional equipment, workforce training and capacity development, and services to support social distancing, such as home delivered meals and transportation.
	Community Health Centers	\$46,685,902	Supplemental funding authorized by the Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act, the CARES Act, and the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act for community health centers to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and maintain or increase health center capacity and staffing levels. These funds are awarded directly to health centers and can be used for current payment and reimbursement of costs incurred since January 20, 2020, related to the prevention, detection, diagnosis, and treatment of COVID-19 as well as for purchasing, administering, and expanding capacity for testing to monitor and suppress the disease. Currently, 35 health centers in Georgia have received funding.
	Rural Health Clinics - COVID-19 Testing	\$4,847,219	Funds specifically authorized to support COVID-19 testing and related expenses in rural health clinics. A flat amount of just under \$50,000 has been allocated for each rural health clinic. A total of 98 rural health clinics are eligible in Georgia.

	Telehealth Resource Centers	\$828,571	Funds authorized by the CARES Act and awarded to the Georgia Partnership for Telehealth, Inc. in order to expand its ability to provide communities in need with expertise and customized telehealth technical assistance, such as equipment acquisition, payment policy, system design, and licensing and credentialing.
	Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program	\$4,890,386	Funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to the Georgia Department of Community Health to assist rural hospitals in increasing their capacity to respond to COVID-19 in their communities, including through expansions of telehealth, purchases of personal protective equipment, and increases in testing capacity.
	Geriatrics Workforce Enhancement Program	\$90,625	Funds authorized by the CARES Act for health profession schools and allocated to Emory University for telehealth. The Geriatrics Workforce Enhancement program grants are intended to improve health outcomes for older adults by developing a healthcare workforce that maximizes patient and family engagement and by integrating geriatrics and primary care.
	Area Health Education Centers Program (AHEC)	\$95,455	Funds authorized by the CARES Act for health profession schools and allocated to Augusta University for telehealth. The AHEC program's purpose is to recruit, train, and retain a health professions workforce committed to underserved populations.
	Registered Nurses in Primary Care Training Program (RNPC)	\$157,142	Funds authorized by the CARES Act for health profession schools and allocated to Emory University and Augusta University for telehealth. The purpose of the RNPC training program is to recruit and train nursing students and current registered nurses (RNs) to practice to the full scope of their license in community-based primary care teams to increase access to care, with an emphasis on chronic disease prevention and control, including mental health and substance use conditions.
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)	Emergency Grants to Address Mental and Substance Use Disorder	\$2,000,000	Grant funds awarded to the Georgia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD) that will be allocated to providers across the state to provide crisis intervention services, mental and substance use disorder treatment, and other related recovery supports for children and adults impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. DBHDD plans to serve four subpopulations with this grant (youth survivors of human trafficking, deaf individuals with substance use disorder, homeless individuals, and medical, behavioral, and public health care professionals) as well as expand the Georgia Mental Health Consumer Network and Georgia Council on Substance Abuse peer warm lines and the COVID-19 Emotional Support Line.
HHS Office of the Secretary	Provider Relief Funds - General Allocations	\$792,069,160	The Georgia portion of the \$30 billion authorized by the CARES Act for the Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund. Providers receive these funds based on their share of the total Medicare fee-for-service reimbursements in 2019. Currently, 8,222 providers and systems have been paid in Georgia.
	Provider Relief Funds - High-Impact	\$377,176,826	Funds distributed to hospitals who provided inpatient care for 100 or more COVID-19 patients through April 10, 2020. Of these funds, \$139 million has been distributed to the hospitals in proportion to the amount of care they provide to low-income and uninsured patients which will provide these hospitals with additional, proportionally greater funding to purchase equipment, hire additional staff, and procure other needed resources to care for patients during the COVID-19 pandemic.

	Provider Relief Funds - Rural	\$328,109,310	Funds allocated to rural providers, which includes rural acute care general hospitals and critical access hospitals, rural health clinics, and community health centers located in rural areas.
	Hospital Preparedness	\$10,425,273	Supplemental funds for health care preparedness and response activities through a nationwide systems-based network approach in order to support the urgent preparedness and response needs of hospitals, health systems, and health care providers to help prepare them to identify, isolate, assess, transport, and treat patients with COVID-19. Currently in Georgia, \$1.4 million has been awarded to hospital associations, \$1.4 million has been awarded to HHS Hospital Preparedness Program recipients and partners, and \$300,000 has been awarded to the Georgia Department of Public Health in partnership with Emory University Hospital and Children's Healthcare of Atlanta/Egleston Children's Hospital as the region's Ebola and other special pathogen treatment center.
Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)	\$27,596,178	Funds authorized under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act and the CARES Act and allocated to the Georgia Department of Human Services to distribute to food banks, soup kitchens, and food pantries that will provide emergency food assistance to low-income individuals at no cost.
	Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	\$14,843,744	Additional funds allocated to the Georgia Department of Public Health for increased participation in the WIC program, which provides supplemental foods, health care referrals, and nutrition education for low-income pregnant, breastfeeding, and non-breastfeeding postpartum women, and for infants and children up to age five who are found to be at nutritional risk.
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
Department of Labor	Unemployment Insurance Program	\$31,964,147	Emergency supplemental funds provided to states by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act for the administration of Georgia's unemployment insurance program along with flexibility for states to temporarily modify certain aspects of their unemployment compensation laws. These funds will be disbursed to Georgia in two separate, equal allotments, with the full amount of the second disbursement being allotted as long as Georgia's unemployment claims have increased by 10 percent and the state temporarily eases eligibility requirements to unemployment insurance during the COVID-19 outbreak. Funds provided through these emergency administrative grants may only be used for administration of the unemployment compensation program and are not available to be used for the payment of unemployment compensation itself.
	Short-Term Compensation	\$3,188,424	Grant funds authorized by the CARES Act for the implementation or improved administration of Georgia's short-term compensation (STC) program and for the promotion and enrollment of employers in the program. The STC program is a lay-off aversion program in which an employer reduces the hours for a group of workers, and these workers in turn receive a reduced unemployment benefit payment.
	Dislocated Worker Grants	\$12,000,000	Economic Recovery Dislocated Worker Grants awarded to the Technical College System of Georgia to temporarily expand capacity to serve dislocated workers and meet the increased demand for employment and training services.

Department of Commerce	Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP)	\$1,200,000	Grant funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to MEP centers to help manufacturers recover from workforce and supply chain interruptions, apply for private insurance claims and disaster loans from the Small Business Administration, and access resources at the federal, state and local level. Additionally, the funds can be used to assess the operating needs of manufacturers, scout for manufacturers that can produce critically needed medical equipment and supplies, and organize peer-to-peer manufacturing councils.
	Awards to Fishery Participants	\$1,921,832	Assistance funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to the Georgia Department of Natural Resources to address direct or indirect fishery-related losses as well as subsistence, cultural, or ceremonial impacts related to COVID-19.
U.S. Election Assistance Commission	Election Security Grants	\$10,826,464	Emergency funds included in the CARES Act to provide states with additional resources to protect the 2020 elections from the effects of the novel coronavirus. Georgia's Secretary of State's Office has requested to use these funds to fund the 6.9 million mailed absentee ballot applications and the corresponding requested absentee ballots for the Presidential Preference Primary, the purchase of high speed scanners/tabulators for counties to handle the increased volume of absentee ballots, and the purchase of personal protective equipment and sanitation supplies for voters and poll workers for all elections this year. Additionally, the office will be offering a grant program to counties to allow for monitored drop boxes for absentee ballots.
CRIMINAL JUSTICE, PUBLIC SAFETY, AND THE COURTS			
Department of Homeland Security	Emergency Management Performance Grant	\$2,669,911	Grant funds authorized by the CARES Act to state and local governments to support planning and operational readiness for COVID-19 emergency preparedness and response; developing tools and strategies for prevention, preparedness, and response; and ongoing communication and coordination among federal, state, and local partners throughout the response.
	Emergency Food and Shelter Program	\$6,235,147	Supplemental funding provided by the CARES Act and allocated to the state along with 75 Georgia counties to provide food, shelter, and supportive services, such as congregate meals or groceries; lodging assistance; rent, mortgage, or utility assistance; and supplies and small equipment to feed and shelter people.
Department of Justice	Justice Assistance Grants - State and Local	\$23,822,447	Supplemental funding to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus, with allowable expenditures including overtime, equipment (including law enforcement and medical personal protective equipment), hiring, supplies, training, travel expenses related to the distribution of resources to the most impacted areas, and addressing the medical needs of inmates in state and local prisons, jails, and detention centers. Of this funding, \$15.8 has been awarded to the Georgia Criminal Justice Coordinating Council and \$8 million has been awarded to 67 cities and counties across Georgia.
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT			
Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) - Round 1 Local	\$85,896,213	Supplemental funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to state and local governments to support economic and community development efforts in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Currently in Georgia, \$60.4 million has allocated to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs and \$25.5 million has been allocated to 24 local governments.

	Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) - Local	\$25,438,229	Grant funds provided by the CARES Act and allocated to state and local governments to be used to build and operate emergency homeless shelters, provide hotel/motel vouchers, provide essential services to people experiencing homelessness, and rapidly re-house homeless individuals. Currently in Georgia, \$9.5 million has been allocated to nine local governments and \$15.9 million has been allocated to the Department of Community Affairs.
	Public Housing Operating Fund	\$17,320,909	Authorized by the CARES Act to provide additional funds for public housing agencies to maintain normal operations and take other necessary actions during the period that the program is impacted by coronavirus. Currently in Georgia, 161 local government housing authorities have been allocated these funds.
	Tenant-Based Rental Assistance	\$9,092,672	Additional funds for the Housing Choice Voucher and Mainstream programs authorized by the CARES Act for housing assistance payments and administrative fee funding. Currently in Georgia, these funds have been allocated to 21 local government housing authorities.
	Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities	\$392,520	Funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs, the Northwest Georgia Housing Authority, and the housing authorities for the cities of Atlanta, Albany, and Carrollton in order to provide affordable housing to non-elderly people living with disabilities. This program helps persons with disabilities live in community-based settings and encourages partnerships with health and human service agencies to coordinate voluntary services and supports for these individuals.
	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	\$4,032,548	Supplemental funds provided for under the CARES Act for HOPWA grantees to maintain operations and for rental assistance, supportive services, and other necessary actions needed to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus. Currently in Georgia, \$3.3 million has been allocated to the City of Atlanta, \$152,172 to Augusta-Richmond County, and \$562,987 to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs.
National Endowment for the Arts	National Endowment for the Arts Grants	\$507,900	Grant funds authorized by the CARES Act and allocated to the Georgia Council for the Arts to be awarded to eligible nonprofit art entities, such as museums, theatres, and galleries, in order to preserve jobs and fund facilities costs.
National Endowment for the Humanities	National Endowment for the Humanities Grants	\$634,200	Supplemental funding provided by the CARES Act to Georgia Humanities for grants to support at-risk humanities positions and projects at museums, libraries and archives, historic sites, colleges and universities, and other cultural nonprofits that have been financially impacted by the coronavirus.
TRANSPORTATION			
Department of Transportation	Federal Transit Administration Grants	\$522,237,467	Additional formula funds provided by the CARES Act for transit capital, planning, and operating assistance in urbanized and rural areas. Operating expenses incurred beginning on January 20, 2020 for all rural and urban recipients are eligible, including operating expenses to maintain transit services as well as paying for administrative leave for transit personnel due to reduced operations during the emergency. Currently in Georgia, \$447.2 million in supplemental funds has been allocated through the urbanized area formula and \$75 million through the rural area formula.

	Grants-in-Aid for Airports	\$410,817,650	Funds authorized by the CARES Act to be awarded as economic relief to U.S. airports affected by the prevention, preparation, and response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Funds will be allocated to increase the federal share to 100% for the 2020 Airport Improvement Program grants as well as for commercial, primary, and general aviation airports.
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